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## Anxious attachment predicts childlessness in later life

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# Hypothesis

Does childhood attachment predict childlessness in later life?

# Background

Childlessness has increased substantially in recent decades.

Most psychological research has focused on the impact of infertility.

Diagnosis of infertility can have a significant impact on mental and physical health.

However, many factors effect childlessness including upbringing, education level, economics, gender, and relationships.

### Method

Online cross-sectional survey.

Sample: 394 people aged over 50 years old.

Men: 237 men (age: 76.9 + 7.5): 195 parents & 42 non-parents.

Women: 157 women (76.8 + 7.4): 125 parents & 32 non-parents.

Hierarchical binary logistic regression analysis.

Validated measures of childhood attachment & other psychological and demographic factors.

Sample drawn from *Lightspeed* - a certified digital data collection company.

Stratified by geographical UK region.

## Instruments deployed

Attachment: The Relationship Structures questionnaire (ECR-RS)

Health-Related Quality of Life: MOS 36-Item Short Form Health Survey

Mental positivity: Positive Mindset Index

Stressful events: Life changes scaling

Survey: Qualtrics survey software

Data analysed using SPSS statistical software, Version 22

### Results

Anxious attachment style was associated with increased odds of being childless (OR = 1.772 [1.09-2.88]; p<.02) independent of demographic & psychological variables.

It cannot be explained by HRQoL, PMI, or the impact of recent life stress. No significant influence of educational level on being a parent or not. Medical problems associated with fertility (of oneself or partner) were not a significant predictor of childlessness.

### Limitations

Sample almost completely White & Heterosexual.

## Why you should care

Adult children provide 92% of informal care for parents.

In the UK by 2030 there will be at least 2 million childless people over 65 years.

Older childless adults are at risk of depression, ill health, increased mortality,

loneliness and social isolation.

### **Implications**

Understanding of lifespan development.

For interventions in relationship counselling and other therapeutic settings.

# Thank you!

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